Donate Life America Financial Statements December 31, 2022

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Independent Auditor's Report

Board of Directors Donate Life America Richmond, Virginia

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Donate Life America (a nonprofit organization), which comprise the statement of financial position as of December 31, 2022, and the related statements of activites, functional expenses, and cash flow for the years then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Donate Life America as of December 31, 2022 and the changes in its net assets and its cash flows for the years ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Organization and to meet our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audits. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Donate Life America's ability to continue as a going concern within one year after the date that the financial statements are available to be issued.

Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists.

The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements, including omissions, are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Donate Life America's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Donate Life America's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

Richmond, Virginia March 13, 2023

Alama, Jenkins & Cheatham

Statement of Financial Position

Donate Life America

December 31, 2022

Assets		
Current Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents		\$ 871,198
Due from related party		426,079
Accounts receivable		18,268
Prepaid expenses		44,415
Campaign materials		20,988
Security deposit		 7,239
	Total Current Assets	1,388,187
Investments, available for sale		1,084,881
Property and equipment, net		 12,567
	Total Assets	\$ 2,485,635
Liabilities and Net Assets		
Current Liabilities		
Accounts payable		\$ 11,024
Accrued vacation		 138,227
	Total Liabilities	149,251
Net Assets		
Without donor restrictions		2,325,949
With donor restrictions		10,435
	Total Net Assets	 2,336,384
	Total Liabilities and Net Assets	\$ 2,485,635

See Independent Auditor's Report and Notes to Financial Statements

Statement of Activities

Donate Life America

Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Wi	Without Donor		ith Donor	
	R	estrictions	Restrictions		Total
Operating Activities					
Contributions	\$	1,868,439	\$		\$ 1,868,439
Fees and other revenue		263,204			263,204
Campaign materials and brochures		9,850			9,850
Interest and dividends		32,315			 32,315
Total Support and Revenue		2,173,808			 2,173,808
Expenses and Losses					
Program activities		2,144,676		19,644	2,164,320
Management and general		146,178			146,178
Fundraising		102,929			 102,929
Total Expenses and Losses		2,393,783		19,644	 2,413,427
Change in Net Assets from Operating Activities		(219,975)		(19,644)	(239,619)
Non-Operating Activities					
Investment return, net		(151,347)			 (151,347)
Change in Net Assets		(371,322)		(19,644)	(390,966)
Net Assets at Beginning of Period		2,697,271		30,079	2,727,350
Net Assets at End of Period	\$	2,325,949	\$	10,435	\$ 2,336,384

See Independent Auditor's Report and Notes to Financial Statements

Statement of Functional Expenses

Donate Life America

Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Supporting Activities											
		Program	Management		Management				Supporting			
		Activities	and General		Fundraising		Subtotal]	Fotal		
Wages and benefits	\$	1,219,234	\$	114,751	\$	100,408	\$	215,159	\$1,	434,393		
Meetings and travel		318,024		16,738				16,738		334,762		
Website maintenance		187,521								187,521		
Campaign production expense		169,439								169,439		
Rent		57,192		3,010				3,010		60,202		
Campaign materials expense		53,286								53,286		
Office supplies		39,308		4,368				4,368		43,676		
Contract services		28,535		1,502				1,502		30,037		
Other		27,144								27,144		
Postage and printing		20,165		2,521		2,521		5,042		25,207		
Donor restricted expenses		19,644								19,644		
Exhibiting		16,715								16,715		
Telephone		8,113		427				427		8,540		
Depreciation				2,861				2,861		2,861		
Total Expenses	\$	2,164,320	\$	146,178	\$	102,929	\$	249,107	\$ 2,	413,427		

Statement of Cash Flows

Donate Life America

Year Ended December 31, 2022

Cash Flows from Operating Activities	
Decrease in net assets	(390,966)
Adjustments to reconcile decrease in net assets	
with cash used by operating activities:	
Depreciation	2,861
Unrealized loss on investments	138,750
(Increase) decrease in:	
Accounts receivable	41,835
Due from related party	(426,079)
Campaign materials	14,259
Prepaid expenses	(40,028)
Security deposit	(3,339)
Increase (decrease) in:	
Accounts payable	(42,195)
Accrued vacation	22,618
Net Cash Used by Operating Activities	(682,284)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities	
Purchase of investments	(87,961)
Sale of investments	71,435
Purchase of fixed assets	(13,336)
Net Cash Used by Investing Activities	(29,862)
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Period	1,583,344
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Period	\$ 871,198
Supplemental Disclosure	

The Organization paid no income taxes in the year ended December 31, 2022.

Donate Life America

December 31, 2022

Note A - Nature of Organization

Nature of Organization

Donate Life America (the "Organization"), a Virginia nonstock, not-for-profit corporation, is made up of national partnering organizations and state teams throughout the United States whose principal purpose is to increase organ, eye, and tissue donation. To achieve this mission, the Organization's program service has various educational campaigns that use national print, broadcast media, social media, internet, and community-based programs to educate the public about the virtues and benefits to society of registering to be an organ, eye, and tissue donor.

Note B - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Presentation

The financial statements of the Organization have been prepared on the accrual basis in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) for not-for-profit organizations. Under the provisions of this guidance, the Organization reports information regarding its financial position and activities according to two classes of net assets that are based upon the existence or absence of restrictions on use that are placed by its donors; net assets without donor restrictions and net assets with donor restrictions. Accordingly, the net assets of the Organization and changes therein are classified as follows:

<u>Net assets without donor restrictions:</u> Net assets that are not subject to donor-imposed restrictions and may be expended for any purpose in performing the primary objectives of the Organization. The Organization's board may designate assets without restrictions for specific operational purposes from time to time.

<u>Net assets with donor restrictions:</u> Net assets subject to stipulations imposed by donors, and grantors. Some donor restrictions are temporary in nature; those restrictions will be met by actions of the Non-Profit Organization or by the passage of time. Other donor restrictions are perpetual in nature, whereby the donor has stipulated the funds be maintained in perpetuity.

As of December 31, 2022, the Organization had net assets with donor restrictions totaling \$10,435.

Estimates 5 1

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Donate Life America

December 31, 2022

Note B - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - Continued

Cash and Cash Equivalents

For the purposes of the statement of cash flows, the Organization considers all highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash or cash equivalents.

Campaign Materials

Campaign materials, which includes various educational materials related to organ, eye and tissue donations, are sold to Organization members for use in local campaigns. Campaign materials are valued at the lower cost or market using a method that approximates the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method.

Tax Status

The Organization is exempt from income tax under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code and will be taxed only to the extent it has taxable trade or business income unrelated to its exempt purpose. At December 31, 2022, years 2018 through 2021 remain subject to examination by federal and state taxing authorities. Management annually reviews its tax positions and has determined that there are no material uncertain tax positions that require recognition in the financial statements.

Revenue Recognition

Revenue is reported as an increase in net assets without donor restrictions unless use of the related asset is limited by donor-imposed time or purpose restrictions. Expirations of donor-imposed restrictions on net assets that are subject to the passage of time (that is, the stipulated time period has elapsed, or the cash has been collected) are reported as net assets released from restrictions.

Unconditional contributions are recognized when pledged in accordance with FASB ASU No. 2014-09, *Revenue from Contracts with Customers* (Topic 606) and recorded as net assets without donor restrictions or net assets with donor restrictions, depending on the existence and/or nature of any donor-imposed restrictions. Conditional promises to give are recognized when the conditions on which they depend are substantially met in accordance with ASU Topic 606. Gifts of cash and other assets are reported with donor restricted support if they are received with donor stipulations that limit the use of the donated assets.

Grants and program service fees are recognized as costs are incurred in accordance with ASU Topic 606 on the basis of direct costs plus allowable indirect expenses.

The Organization bills its members a voluntary assessment for the support of Organization activities. These billings are considered by management of the Organization to be voluntary assessments. Since the assessments are voluntary in nature, revenue is not recognized until funds are received by the Organization. Campaign materials revenue is recognized at a point in time when the items are shipped to the various local coalitions. Other revenues are recognized at a point in time when earned.

Donate Life America

December 31, 2022

Note B - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - Continued

Advertising Costs

The Organization expenses advertising costs as incurred. For the year ended December 31, 2022, the Organization had no material advertising expense.

Accounts Receivable

The Organization provides credit, in the normal course of operations, to its coalition members. Accounts receivable are recorded at the invoiced amount and do not bear interest. The Organization does not have any off-balance-sheet credit exposure related to its members. The Organization provides an allowance for doubtful collections that is based upon a review of outstanding receivables, historical collection information, and existing economic conditions. Delinquent receivables are written off by management based on an individual customer account analysis considering the unique circumstances of each customer. No allowance for doubtful collections is considered necessary as of December 31, 2022. The difference between the allowance not recorded and that which would be acceptable under GAAP was immaterial.

Property and Equipment

Property and equipment are stated at cost. The Organization follows the practice of capitalizing all material expenditures for property and equipment. Expenditures for repairs, maintenance, and minor renewals are expensed in the period incurred. Depreciation is provided on a straight-line basis over estimated useful lives of five to ten years.

Contributed Materials and Services

The value of contributed materials and the value of contributed services that either (a) created or enhanced a nonfinancial asset or (b) required specialized skills, was provided by individuals possessing those skills, and would have been purchased if not contributed, are recorded at their fair values in the period received.

During the year ended December 31, 2022, the Organization received no material non-cash contributions or donations of materials or tangible assets which would be reflected in the financial statements.

The Organization also receives a significant amount of contributed services from unpaid volunteers who assist the Organization with many projects. No amounts have been recognized in the statement of activities for these services because the criteria for recognition under GAAP have not been satisfied.

Recently Issued Accounting Standards

In February 2016, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued Accounting Standards Update (ASU) 2016-02 *Leases (Topic 842)*. ASU 2016-02 replaced most existing lease guidance in U.S. GAAP when it became effective. ASU 2016-02 requires an entity to recognize most leases, including operating leases, on the balance sheet of the lessee. The guidance became effective for annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2021. The Organization implemented ASU 2016-02 with no material effect on the financial statements.

Donate Life America

December 31, 2022

Note B - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - Continued

Investments

Investments are stated at fair value. Net appreciation (depreciation) in the fair value of investments, which consists of the realized gains or losses and the unrealized appreciation (depreciation) on those investments, is presented in the statement of activities in accordance with donor restrictions as investment return. Investment return is presented net of investment fees. The specific identification method is used to determine the basis for computing realized gains or losses.

Investment income classified as operating revenue consists of interest and dividend income on investments and spending approved for use in operations. All other realized and unrealized gains or losses are classified as non-operating activities and are available to support operations in future years to offset potential market declines.

Measure of Operations

The Statement of Activities reports all changes in net assets, including changes in net assets from operating and non-operating activities. Operating activities consist of those items attributable to the Organization's ongoing activities. Non-operating activities are limited to resources that generate return from investments, endowment contributions, financing costs, and other activities considered to be of a more unusual or nonrecurring nature.

Functional Expenses

The costs of providing program and other activities have been summarized on a functional basis in the statements of activities. Accordingly, certain costs have been allocated among program activities and supporting activities benefited. Such allocations are determined by management on an equitable basis.

The expenses that are allocated include the following:

Expense	Method of Allocation
Wages and benefits	Time and effort
Meetings and travel	Full time equivalent
Rent	Square footage
Postage	Full time equivalent
Office supplies	Full time equivalent
Contract services	Full time equivalent
Telephone	Full time equivalent

Donate Life America

December 31, 2022

Note C - Employee Benefits

The Organization adopted a 401(k) profit-sharing retirement plan effective January 1, 2013. Eligible participants are full-time employees, age 21 or older, who have worked a minimum of 1,000 hours of services within a consecutive 12-month period. Salary deferrals are limited to specific dollar amounts determined by the Internal Revenue Service. The Organization will contribute up to 10% of the employee eligible compensation. The Organization contributed \$43,932 to the plan for the year ended December 31, 2022.

Note D - Concentrations of Credit Risk and Contributors

The Organization maintains cash and cash equivalents within a single banking institution. Balances at banks are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation up to \$250,000 for each financial institution. Cash balances exceeded the insured amount by approximately \$680,000 at December 31, 2022.

Note E - Lease Commitment

The Organization had a lease commitment that ended December 31, 2022. Rent expense for the year ended December 31, 2022 was \$60,202. As of December 31, 2022, the Organization did not have any active leases. The Organization subsequent to year end entered a lease agreement effective January 1, 2023 through December 31, 2027, which will be recorded in the financial statements according to ASU 2016-02 upon commencement in 2023.

Note F - Subsequent Events

Management has evaluated subsequent events through March 13, 2023, the date which the financial statements were available to be issued.

Note G - Property and Equipment

Property and equipment by class of property as of December 31, 2022 was:

Furniture and equipment	\$	148,960	
Leasehold improvements	72,010		
		220,970	
Accumulated depreciation		(208,403)	
	\$	12,567	

Depreciation expense for the year ended December 31, 2022 was \$2,861.

Donate Life America

December 31, 2022

Note H - Accrued Vacation

Full-time employees are eligible for paid annual leave based on years of experience. The amount of annual leave is prorated during the first year of employment. New employees may begin using and accruing annual leave after three consecutive months of employment. In years one through three of employment, the employee is granted 14 vacation days. In years four through ten of employment, the employee is granted 17 vacation days. In years eleven through fourteen of employment, the employee is granted 24 vacation days. Beginning the fifteenth year of employment, the employee gains 1 additional vacation day per year of service up to the twentieth year, for a maximum of 30 days.

Annual leave is not paid in lieu of taking actual time off. Unused annual leave may be carried over from one year to the next, but the maximum amount of time that may carry over is the equivalent of what the employee accrued for two years. Earned but unused annual leave will be paid out upon separation from the Organization, to a maximum of two years' accrual; any time the employees may have earned exceeding this amount will be forfeited. As of December 31, 2022, the Organization's accrued compensated vacation balance for all employees is \$138,227. This obligation is accrued in net assets without donor restrictions and is not charged to any program until the expense is incurred.

Note I - Liquidity

The Organization's financial assets available within one year of the balance sheet date for general expenditure are as follows:

Cash and cash equivalents	\$	871,198
Due from related party		426,079
Accounts receivable		18,268
Prepaid expenses		44,415
Campaign materials		20,988
Security deposit	_	7,239
	\$ 1	,388,187

As part of the Organization's liquidity management, it has a policy to structure its financial assets to be available as its general expenditures, liabilities, and other obligations come due. In addition, the Organization invests cash in excess of daily requirements in various investments.

Donate Life America

December 31, 2022

Note J - Fair Value

The Organization determines the fair value of its financial instruments based on the fair value hierarchy established in accounting standards which requires an entity to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs when measuring fair value. Accounting standards define fair value as the exchange price that would be received for an asset or liability in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability in an orderly transaction between market participants on the measurement date. Accounting standards define 3 levels of inputs that may be used to measure fair value:

<u>Level 1</u> - Inputs are based on quoted market prices within active markets. Level 1 assets include debt and equity investments that are traded in an active exchange market.

<u>Level 2</u> - Inputs are based primarily on quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities; quoted prices in markets that are not active; or other inputs that are observable or can be corroborated by observable market data for substantially the full term of the assets or liabilities.

<u>Level 3</u> - Unobservable inputs that are supported by little or no market activity that are significant to the fair value of the assets or liabilities.

The Organization's investments are reported at fair value in the accompanying financial statements as of December 31, 2022:

	(Carrying	 Fair Value Measurements				
Investments		Value	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3		
Equities Mutual Funds Highly Liquid	\$	521,916 562,947 18	\$ 521,916 562,947 18	\$	\$		
	\$	1,084,881	\$ 1,084,881	\$	\$		

During the year ended December 31, 2022, the Organization did not have any significant transfers between Level 1, 2, or 3. The Organization's policy is to recognize all transfers in and out of all levels at the end of the period. The level in the fair value hierarchy within which measurement in its entirety falls is based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement in its entirety.

Donate Life America

December 31, 2022

Note K - Investments

As of December 31, 2022, the Organization's investments consisted of the following:

Investments	 Cost	Unrealized Gain	Gross	s Unrealized Loss	F	air Market Value
Equities Mutual Funds Highly Liquid	\$ 558,866 617,235 18	\$ 5,961 2,548	\$	(42,911) (56,836)	\$	521,916 562,947 18
	\$ 1,176,119	\$ 8,509	\$	(99,747)	\$	1,084,881

A summary of interest and dividends and investment return as shown on the Statement of Activities consists of the following for the year ended December 31, 2022:

Interest and Dividends	\$ 32,315
Investment Return	
Net Unrealized Loss	\$ (138,750)
Net Realized Loss	(4,311)
Advisory Fees	 (8,286)
	\$ (151,347)
	\$ (119,032)

Net realized gain, captioned above, consists of gross short-term gains and losses of \$926 and \$(1,007), respectively and long-term gains and losses of \$831 and \$(5,061), respectively.

Note L - Related Party Transactions

As of and for the year ended December 31, 2022, the Organization had purchases from the related party of \$15,651, and receivables to the related party of \$426,079.

Note M - COVID-19

The COVID-19 pandemic is having widespread, rapidly evolving, and unpredictable impacts on global society, economies, financial markets, and business practices. The substantial uncertainty and the nature and degree of the pandemic and resulting effects over time could result in disruption or restriction on the Organization's ability to operate normally. The Organization's clients are also affected by the outbreak, which could delay their contributions and payments. The Organization may also experience difficulties with suppliers or with vendors in their supply chain, which could have negative effects on operations. Overall, the future impact of the pandemic with respect to the Organization is difficult to predict and could adversely impact its overall operations in the future.